

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-25192

CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY

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(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

64-0844345

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(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

200 NORTH CANAL STREET  
NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI 39120

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(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(601) 442-1601

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(Registrant's telephone number,  
including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X . No .

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As of August 2, 2000, there were 12,283,716 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY

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CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

<TABLE>  
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	JUNE 30, 2000	DECEMBER 31, 1999	
	-----	-----	
	(UNAUDITED)		
	<C>	<C>	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,330	\$ 34,671	
Accounts receivable	13,909	5,362	
Other current assets	949	1,004	
	-----	-----	
Total current assets	24,188	41,037	
	-----	-----	
Oil and gas properties, full cost accounting method:			
Evaluated properties	555,480	511,689	
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(369,914)	(361,758)
	-----	-----	
	185,566	149,931	
Unevaluated properties excluded from amortization		51,576	44,434
	-----	-----	
Total oil and gas properties	237,142	194,365	
	-----	-----	
Pipeline and other facilities	5,699	5,860	
Other property and equipment, net	1,555	1,450	
Deferred tax asset	12,772	14,995	
Long-term gas balancing receivable		343	243
Other assets, net	1,698	1,927	
	-----	-----	
Total assets	\$ 283,397	\$ 259,877	
	=====	=====	

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 17,186	\$ 16,786	
Undistributed oil and gas revenues	1,867	2,082	
Accrued net profits payable	1,868	1,676	
Current maturities of long-term debt	22,000	--	
	-----	-----	
Total current liabilities	42,921	20,544	
	-----	-----	
Long-term debt	100,250	100,250	
Deferred revenue on sale of production payment interest		9,671	12,080
Accrued retirement benefits	1,996	2,107	
Long-term gas balancing payable	574	516	
	-----	-----	

Total liabilities	155,412	135,497		
	-----	-----		
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 2,500,000 shares authorized; 1,040,461 shares of Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series A, issued and outstanding at June 30, 2000 and 1,045,461 shares outstanding at December 31, 1999 with a liquidation preference of \$26,011,525 at June 30, 2000			10	11
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,277,211 and 12,239,238 outstanding at June 30, 2000 and at December 31, 1999, respectively			123	122
Treasury stock (99,078 shares at cost)	(1,183)	(1,183)		
Capital in excess of par value	149,817	149,425		
Retained deficit	(20,782)	(23,995)		
	-----	-----		
Total stockholders' equity		127,985	124,380	
	-----	-----		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$ 283,397	\$ 259,877	
	=====	=====		

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(UNAUDITED)  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 30,		JUNE 30,	
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenues:				
Oil and gas sales	\$ 14,312	\$ 8,568	\$ 23,760	\$ 16,537
Interest and other	404	463	1,074	868
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total revenues	14,716	9,031	24,834	17,405
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Costs and expenses:				
Lease operating expenses	2,334	1,878	4,154	3,486
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	4,600	3,989	8,317	7,952
General and administrative	930	1,379	1,972	2,440
Interest	2,071	1,444	3,846	2,471
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	9,935	8,690	18,289	16,349
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income from operations	4,781	341	6,545	1,056
Income tax expense	1,626	116	2,226	359
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income	3,155	225	4,319	697
Preferred stock dividends	552	555	1,105	1,386
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss) available to common shares	\$ 2,603	\$ (330)	\$ 3,214	\$ (689)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net income (loss) per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.08)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.08)



</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2000

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial information presented as of any date other than December 31, has been prepared from the books and records without audit. Financial information as of December 31, has been derived from the audited financial statements of the Company, but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of the financial information for the period indicated, have been included. For further information regarding the Company's accounting policies, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 1999 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 23, 2000.

2. PER SHARE AMOUNTS

Basic earnings or loss per common share were computed by dividing net income or loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the quarter. Diluted earnings or loss per common share were determined on a weighted average basis using common shares issued and outstanding adjusted for the effect of stock options considered common stock equivalents computed using the treasury stock method and the effect of the convertible preferred stock (if dilutive). The earnings per share computation for the three-month and the six-month periods ended June 30, 1999 excluded all stock options from the computation of diluted loss per share because they were antidilutive. The conversion of the preferred stock was not included in any calculation due to their antidilutive effect on diluted income or loss per share.

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computation is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2000	1999	2000	1999
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
(a) Net income (loss) available per common stock	\$ 2,603	\$ (330)	\$ 3,214	\$ (689)
(b) Weighted average shares outstanding	12,171	8,447	12,163	8,462
(c) Dilutive impact of stock options	274	--	235	--
(d) Total diluted shares	12,445	8,447	12,398	8,462
Stock options excluded due to antidilutive impact	--	34	--	39
Basic earnings (loss) per share (a/b)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.08)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (a/d)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.08)

</TABLE>

3. HEDGING CONTRACTS

The Company periodically uses derivative financial instruments to manage oil and gas price risks. Settlements of gains and losses on

commodity price swap contracts are generally based upon the

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difference between the contract price or prices specified in the derivative instrument and a NYMEX price and are reported as a component of oil and gas revenues. Gains or losses attributable to the termination of a swap contract are deferred and recognized in revenue when the oil and gas is sold. Approximately \$886,000 was recognized as a reduction of oil and gas revenue, and \$730,000 was recognized as additional oil and gas revenue in the first six months of 2000 and 1999, respectively.

As of June 30, 2000, the Company had open natural gas collar contracts with third parties whereby minimum floor prices and maximum ceiling prices are contracted and applied to related contract volumes. These agreements in effect for 2000 are for average gas volumes of 350,000 Mcf per month through October 2000 at (on average) a ceiling price of \$2.72 and floor price of \$2.50. The Company had no open crude oil contracts at June 30, 2000.

#### 4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the first quarter of 1999 certain preferred stockholders through private transactions, agreed to convert 210,350 shares of Preferred Stock into 502,632 shares of the Company's Common Stock. Any non-cash premium negotiated in excess of the conversion rate was recorded as additional preferred stock dividends and excluded from the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. In addition, 5,000 shares of Preferred Stock were converted during the first quarter of 2000 at the conversion rate.

The Company granted 533,000 stock options to employees on March 23, 2000 at \$10.50 per share subject to shareholder approval of the amendment to the 1996 Stock Incentive Plan. The amendment, which was approved on May 9, 2000 at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, increased the number of shares reserved for issuance under the 1996 plan. The excess of the market price over the exercise price on the approval date of the amendment is amortized over the three-year vesting period of the options.

#### 5. STOCKHOLDER RIGHTS PLAN

The Company adopted a stockholder rights plan on March 30, 2000, designed to assure that the Company's stockholders receive fair and equal treatment in the event of any proposed takeover of the Company and to guard against partial tender offers, squeeze-outs, open market accumulations, and other abusive tactics to gain control without paying all stockholders a fair price. The rights plan was not adopted in response to any specific takeover proposal. Under the rights plan, the Company declared a dividend of one right ("Right") on each share of the Company's Common Stock. Each Right will entitle the holder to purchase one one-thousandth of a share of a Series B Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, at an exercise price of \$90 per one one-thousandth of a share. The Rights are not currently exercisable and will become exercisable only in the event a person or group acquires, or engages in a tender or exchange offer to acquire, beneficial ownership of 15 percent or more (one existing stockholder was granted an exception for up to 21 percent) of the Company's Common Stock. After the Rights become exercisable, each Right will also entitle its holder to purchase a number of common shares of the Company having a market value of twice the exercise price. The dividend distribution was made to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 10, 2000. The Rights will expire on March 30, 2010.

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#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The existing Credit Facility matures at the end of October 2000.

Therefore the entire amount outstanding at June 30, 2000 has been classified as a current liability in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating its options to amend the current facility, which would extend the current maturity date or enter into a new Credit Facility. With respect to a new Credit Facility, the Company believes that it can secure more favorable terms, including maturity and the size of the borrowing base than it currently has through its existing Credit Facility.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report regarding the Company's financial position, adequacy of resources, estimated reserve quantities, business strategies, plans, objectives and expectations for future operations and covenant compliance, are forward-looking statements. The Company can give no assurances that the assumptions upon which such forward-looking statements are based will prove to have been correct. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's expectations ("Cautionary Statements") are disclosed below, in the section "Risk Factors" included in the Company's Form 10-K, elsewhere in this report and from time to time in other filings made by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified by the Cautionary Statements.

### GENERAL

The Company's revenues, profitability and future growth and the carrying value of its oil and gas properties are substantially dependent on prevailing prices of oil and gas and its ability to find, develop and acquire additional oil and gas reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company's ability to maintain or increase its borrowing capacity and to obtain additional capital on attractive terms is also influenced by oil and gas prices. Prices for oil and gas are subject to large fluctuations in response to relatively minor changes in the supply of and demand for oil and gas, market uncertainty and a variety of additional factors beyond the control of the Company. These factors include weather conditions in the United States, the condition of the United States economy, the actions of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, governmental regulations, political stability in the Middle East and elsewhere, the foreign supply of oil and gas, the price of foreign imports and the availability of alternate fuel sources. Any substantial and extended decline in the price of oil or gas would have an adverse effect on the Company's carrying value of its proved reserves, borrowing capacity, revenues, profitability and cash flows from operations. The Company uses derivative financial instruments for price protection purposes on a limited amount of its future production and does not use them for trading purposes.

The following discussion is intended to assist in an understanding of the Company's historical financial position and results of operations. The Company's historical financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this quarterly report contains detailed information that should be referred to in conjunction with the following discussion.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of capital are its cash flows from operations, borrowings from financial institutions and the sale of debt and equity securities. Net cash and cash equivalents during the six months ending June 30, 2000 decreased by \$25.3 million and net cash flows from operations before working capital changes totaled \$13.4 million. Net capital expenditures from the cash flow statement for the period totaled \$55.3 million. These funds were expended in exploration, drilling and completion of oil and gas properties.

At June 30, 2000, the Company had working capital of \$3.3 million excluding

current maturities of long-term debt.

The existing Credit Facility matures at the end of October 2000. Therefore the entire amount outstanding at June 30, 2000 has been classified as a current liability in the financial statements. The Company is currently

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evaluating its options to amend the current facility, which would extend the current maturity date or enter into a new Credit Facility. With respect to a new Credit Facility, the Company believes that it can secure more favorable terms, including maturity and the size of the borrowing base than it currently has through its existing Credit Facility.

On November 3, 1999 the Company completed a public offering of 3,680,000 shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$11.875 per share. The Company is using the net proceeds, together with its cash flows and borrowings under its Credit Facility to fund the 2000 capital expenditure budget.

#### CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Capital expenditures for exploration and development costs related to oil and gas properties totaled approximately \$51.2 million in the first six months of 2000. The Company incurred approximately \$22.5 million in the Gulf of Mexico Shelf area primarily in the development of the 1999 discoveries at South Marsh Island 261 and East Cameron 275. Included in these expenditures as exploration costs, were approximately \$7.3 million related to three unsuccessful Gulf of Mexico Shelf prospects evaluated during the first six months of 2000. The Gulf of Mexico Deepwater area expenditures accounted for the remainder of the total capital expended, with two unsuccessful exploration projects totaling \$7.1 million and the balance for additional delineation drilling at the Company's Medusa discovery and the drilling of a test well at the Entrada prospect in the first half of 2000. Interest and general and administrative costs allocable directly to exploration and development projects were approximately \$5.0 million for the first six months of 2000.

The Entrada prospect test well, located on Garden Banks Block 782, discussed above reached total depth in April 2000. Several sidetrack wells were then drilled; however, future delineation drilling and testing will be required to quantify the impact the Entrada discovery will have on the Company. As a result of the recent successes by the Company in the Gulf of Mexico Deepwater area, the Company is faced with increased costs to develop these significant proved undeveloped reserves. Substantially all of the future development costs will be incurred in 2001 and beyond. The Company is currently evaluating various financing alternatives to address these issues. While management believes there are a number of financing sources available to the Company, no assurances can be made that the Company will be able to fund these development costs.

For the remainder of the year, the Company will continue evaluating property acquisitions and drilling opportunities. The Company has budgeted up to \$26 million in capital expenditures for the remainder of 2000. The major portion of the capital expenditure budget will be used to drill development and exploratory wells to increase total proved reserves and increase production for the Company. The Company currently estimates that its budget for the remainder of 2000 can be financed with available cash, projected cash flow from operations and the Company's Credit Facility.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth certain unaudited operating information with respect to the Company's oil and gas operations for the periods indicated.

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<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

THREE MONTHS ENDED	SIX MONTHS ENDED
JUNE 30,	JUNE 30,
-----	-----



	2000(a)(b)	1999(a)	2000(a)(b)	1999(a)
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<b>Production volumes:</b>				
Oil (MBbls)	70	86	130	176
Gas (MMcf)	3,899	3,474	7,005	6,843
Total production (MMcfe)	4,316	3,989	7,788	7,898
Average daily production (MMcfe)	47.4	43.8	42.8	43.6
<b>Average sales price: (a)</b>				
Oil (Bbls)	\$ 26.74	\$ 12.46	\$ 26.58	\$ 11.96
Gas (Mcf)	3.19	2.16	2.90	2.11
Total (Mcfe)	3.32	2.15	3.05	2.09
<b>Average costs (per Mcfe):</b>				
Lease operating (excluding severance taxes)	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.38
Severance taxes	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	1.05	1.00	1.05	1.01
General and administrative (net of management fees)	0.22	0.35	0.25	0.31

</TABLE>

(a) Includes hedging gains and losses

(b) Includes volumes of 572 MMcf for the quarter ended June 30, 2000 and 1,154 MMcf for the six months ended June 30, 2000 at an average price of \$2.08 per Mcf associated with a volumetric production payment.

#### COMPARISON OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 AND THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1999.

##### Oil and Gas Production and Revenues

Total oil and gas revenues increased 67% from \$8.6 million in the second quarter of 1999 to \$14.3 million in the second quarter of 2000. Oil and gas prices were significantly higher when compared to the same period in 1999.

Gas production during the second quarter of 2000 totaled 3.9 billion cubic feet and generated \$12.5 million in revenues compared to 3.5 billion cubic feet and \$7.5 million in revenues during the same period in 1999. The average sales price for the second quarter of 2000 averaged \$3.19 per thousand cubic feet compared to \$2.16 per thousand cubic feet at this time last year. When compared to the same quarter last year, the Company's gas production increased by 12% as a result of new production at East Cameron 275, South Marsh Island 261, High Island A-494 and Vermilion 130 which was offset by production declines in some of the Company's older producing properties and the depletion of Main Pass 31. The production declines were expected and considered normal.

Oil production during the second quarter of 2000 totaled 69,600 barrels and generated \$1.9 million in revenues compared to 86,000 barrels and \$1.1 million in revenues for the same period in 1999. Average oil prices received in the second quarter of 2000 were \$26.74 compared to \$12.46 in 1999. The strong oil prices received in the second quarter of 2000 offset the decrease in production, which was expected and considered normal. See the table below for variances by major producing property.

The following table summarizes oil and gas production from the Company's major producing properties for the comparable periods.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

OIL PRODUCTION (BBLS)		GAS PRODUCTION (MCF)	
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
2000	1999	2000	1999
-----	-----	-----	-----

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Mobile Block 864 Area	0	0	1,374,300	1,290,000	
Chandeleur Block 40	0	0	90,300	207,000	
Main Pass 163 Area	0	0	287,700	398,000	
North Dauphin Island	0	0	73,400	121,000	
Eugene Island 335	3,800	10,000	226,200	316,000	
Vermilion 130	0	0	155,700	0	
Main Pass 26	5,100	18,000	87,300	342,000	
Main Pass 31	0	11,000	0	429,000	
Main Pass 164/165	0	0	50,900	133,000	
High Island Block A-494	0	0	199,800	0	
Escambia Minerals	28,100	34,000	57,900	60,000	
East Cameron 275	11,000	0	640,000	0	
South Marsh Island 261	0	0	423,200	0	
Other properties	21,600	13,000	232,000	178,000	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Total	69,600	86,000	3,898,700	3,474,000	
	=====	=====	=====	=====	

</TABLE>

#### Lease Operating Expenses

Lease operating expenses, including severance taxes, for the three-month period ending June 30, 2000 were \$2.3 million compared to \$1.9 million for the same period in 1999 and reflect the increased costs related to new production.

#### Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization

Depreciation, depletion and amortization for the three months ending June 30, 2000 increased over 1999. When compared to the same period in 1999, a higher average rate in the second quarter of 2000 resulted in the differences.

#### General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased from \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 1999 to \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is largely due to severance benefits related to personnel reductions in June 1999.

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#### Interest Expense

Interest expense increased from \$1.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 1999 to \$2.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2000 reflecting the increase in the Company's long-term debt.

#### COMPARISON OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 AND THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1999.

#### Oil and Gas Production and Revenues

Total oil and gas revenues increased 44% from \$16.5 million in the first half of 1999 to \$23.8 million in the first six months of 2000. Oil and gas prices were significantly higher when compared to the same period in 1999.

Gas production during the first half of 2000 totaled 7.0 billion cubic feet and generated \$20.3 million in revenues compared to 6.8 billion cubic feet and \$14.4 million in revenues during the same period in 1999. The average sales price for the first half of 2000 averaged \$2.90 per thousand cubic feet compared to \$2.11 per thousand cubic feet for the first six months of 1999. When compared to the same period last year, the Company's gas production increased by 2% as a result of new production at East Cameron 275, South Marsh Island 261, High Island A-494 and Vermilion 130 which was offset by production declines in some of the Company's older producing properties and the depletion of Main Pass 31. The production declines were expected and considered normal.

Oil production during the first six months of 2000 totaled 130,400 barrels and generated \$3.5 million in revenues compared to 176,000 barrels and \$2.1 million

in revenues for the same period in 1999. Average oil prices received in the first half of 2000 were \$26.58 compared to \$11.96 in 1999. The strong oil prices received in the first six months of 2000 partially offset the decrease in production, which were expected and considered normal. See the table below for variances by major producing property.

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The following table summarizes oil and gas production from the Company's major producing properties for the comparable periods.

<TABLE>  
<CAPTION>

	OIL PRODUCTION (BBLs)		GAS PRODUCTION (MCF)	
	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2000	1999	2000	1999
Mobile Block 864 Area	0	0	2,815,000	2,553,000
Chandeleur Block 40	0	0	193,900	509,000
Main Pass 163 Area	0	0	605,600	727,000
North Dauphin Island	0	0	159,100	263,000
Eugene Island 335	10,700	14,000	457,200	505,000
Vermilion 130	0	0	290,200	0
Main Pass 26	9,400	35,000	189,500	578,000
Main Pass 31	0	27,000	0	907,000
Main Pass 164/165	0	0	112,200	332,000
High Island Block A-494	0	0	448,500	0
Escambia Minerals	57,400	71,000	105,500	127,000
East Cameron 275	11,000	0	640,000	0
South Marsh Island 261	0	0	423,200	0
Other properties	41,900	29,000	565,300	342,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>130,400</b>	<b>176,000</b>	<b>7,005,200</b>	<b>6,843,000</b>

</TABLE>

#### Lease Operating Expenses

Lease operating expenses, including severance taxes, for the six-month period ending June 30, 2000 were \$4.2 million compared to \$3.5 million for the same period in 1999 and reflect the increased costs associated with expenses related to new production.

#### Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization

Depreciation, depletion and amortization for the six months ending June 30, 2000 increased over 1999. When compared to the same period in 1999, a higher average rate in 2000 resulted in the increase.

#### General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased slightly from \$2.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 1999 to \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is primarily the result of severance benefits paid in 1999 related to personnel reductions that were effective June 1, 1999.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense increased from \$2.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 1999 to \$3.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2000 reflecting the increase in the Company's long-term debt.

## QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's revenues are derived from the sale of its crude oil and natural gas production. In recent months, the prices for oil and gas have increased; however, they remain extremely volatile and sometimes experience large fluctuations as a result of relatively small changes in supplies, weather conditions, economic conditions and government actions. From time to time, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to hedge oil and gas price risks for the production volumes to which the hedge relates. The hedges reduce the Company's exposure on the hedged volumes to decreases in commodity prices and limit the benefit the Company might otherwise have received from any increases in commodity prices on the hedged volumes.

The Company also enters into price "collars" to reduce the risk of changes in oil and gas prices. Under these arrangements, no payments are due by either party so long as the market price is above the floor price set in the collar and below the ceiling. If the price falls below the floor, the counter-party to the collar pays the difference to the Company and if the price is above the ceiling, the counter-party receives the difference from the Company.

The Company enters into these various agreements from time to time to reduce the effects of volatile oil and gas prices and does not enter into hedge transactions for speculative purposes. See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of the Company's hedged position at June 30, 2000. Approximately \$886,000 related to hedging was recognized as a reduction in oil and gas revenue in the first six months of 2000. There have been no significant changes in market risks faced by the Company since the end of 1999.

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### CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

##### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

The Company's annual meeting was held on May 9, 2000, at which two Class III directors were elected, an amendment increasing the number of shares authorized under the Callon Petroleum Company 1996 Stock Incentive Plan was approved and the appointment of Arthur Andersen LLP as the Company's independent public accountants for the year ending December 31, 2000 was ratified.

The nominees for director were Messrs. Fred L. Callon and Dennis W. Christian. Mr. Callon received 9,645,545 votes for, 115,287 votes against or withheld and no votes abstained. Mr. Christian received 9,543,312 votes for, 217,520 votes against or withheld and no votes abstained.

The amendment to the Callon Petroleum Company 1996 Stock Incentive Plan received 7,301,913 votes for, 483,390 votes against and 40,136 votes abstained.

The ratification of Arthur Andersen LLP received 9,740,597 votes for, 6,674 votes against and 13,561 votes abstained.

##### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

###### (a.) Exhibits

2. Plan of acquisition, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation or succession\*
3. Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws
  - 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4, filed August 4, 1994, Reg. No. 33-82408)
  - 3.2 Certificate of Merger of Callon Consolidated Partners, L. P.

with and into the Company dated September 16, 1994  
(incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's  
Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 1994)

3.3 Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference from  
Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form  
S-4, filed August 4, 1994, Reg. No. 33-82408)

4. Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including  
indentures

4.1 Specimen stock certificate (incorporated by reference from  
Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form  
S-4, filed August 4, 1994, Reg. No. 33-82408)

4.2 Specimen Preferred Stock Certificate (incorporated by  
reference from Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Registration  
Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 33-96700)

4.3 Designation for Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock,  
Series A (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.3 of the

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Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A, filed  
November 13, 1995, Reg. No. 33-96700)

4.4 Indenture for Convertible Debentures (incorporated by  
reference from Exhibit 4.4 of the Company's Registration  
Statement on Form S-1, filed November 13, 1995, Reg. No.  
33-96700)

4.5 Certificate of Correction on Designation of Series A  
Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4  
of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed  
November 22, 1996, Reg. No. 333-15501)

4.6 Form of Note Indenture for the Company's 10% Senior  
Subordinated Notes due 2001 (incorporated by reference from  
Exhibit 4.6 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form  
S-1, filed November 22, 1996, Reg. No. 333-15501)

4.7 Form of Note Indenture for the Company's 10.25% Senior  
Subordinated Notes due 2004 (incorporated by reference from  
Exhibit 4.10 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form  
S-2, filed June 14, 1999, Reg. No. 333-80579)

4.8 Rights Agreement between Callon Petroleum Company and  
American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, Rights Agent, dated  
March 30, 2000 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4 of  
the Company's 8-K filed April 6, 2000)

10. Material contracts

10.1 Callon Petroleum Company 1996 Stock Incentive Plan as  
amended on May 9, 2000 (incorporated by reference from  
Appendix I of the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on  
Schedule 14A filed March 28, 2000)

11. Statement re computation of per share earnings\*

15. Letter re unaudited interim financial information\*

18. Letter re change in accounting principles\*

19. Report furnished to security holders\*

22. Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security  
holders\*

23. Consents of experts and counsel\*

24. Power of attorney\*

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27. Financial Data Schedule

99. Additional exhibits\*

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company filed an 8-K on April 6, 2000 on the adoption of a stockholder rights plan.

- - - - -

\*Inapplicable to this filing

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY

Date: August 10, 2000

By: /s/ John S. Weatherly

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John S. Weatherly, Senior Vice President  
and Chief Financial Officer  
(on behalf of the registrant and as the  
principal financial officer)

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
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- - - - -

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27	Financial Data Schedule

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THIS FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CALLON PETROLEUM COMPANY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2000, WHICH ARE PRESENTED IN ITS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q, AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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